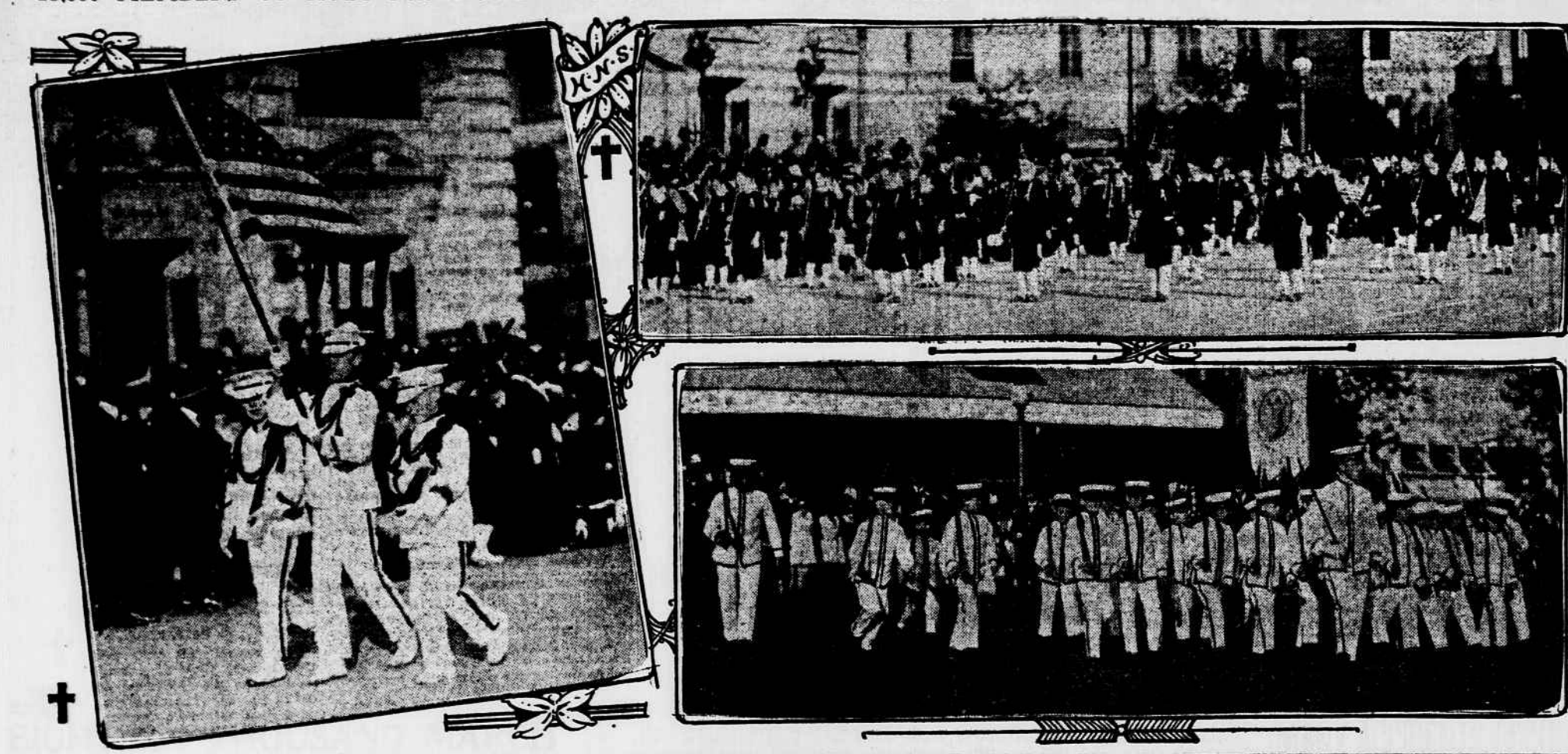


18,000 MEMBERS OF HOLY NAME SOCIETIES OF BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON PARADE ON PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.



EIGHTEEN THOUSAND MARCH IN HOLY NAME PARADE

Demonstration Against Blasphemy and Profanity by Catholic Society Attracts Large Crowd to the Avenue.

Viewed by 150,000 or 200,000 Washingtonians, who stood rows deep along both sides of Pennsylvania avenue from Peace Monument to the Treasury, 18,000 Catholic men and boys, members of the Holy Name societies of Maryland, Virginia and the District of Columbia, yesterday marched over that historic thoroughfare in a demonstration against blasphemy and profanity that will rank among the most imposing and awe-inspiring pageants ever held in the National Capital.

Starting nearly an hour late because of the delayed arrival of trains from Baltimore, the parade, which lasted two hours, terminated at the Monument grounds at 5:15 o'clock. There the demonstration was concluded with the benediction of the blessed sacrament, while 30,000 worshippers knelt before an altar that had been erected at the northern base of the Washington Monument.

The big crowd, growing impatient over the start of the procession, gave the police almost as strenuous a time as they experienced during the famous suffrage parade over Pennsylvania avenue. Despite the vigorous efforts of mounted policemen, bicycle police and patrolmen, the spectators, of whom a majority were women and children, would at times break through the police lines and utter confusion would result.

Several times, while the parade was passing the New Willard Hotel, where it was viewed by high dignitaries of the Catholic Church, the crowd surged so closely to the marchers that they were forced to halt until the police could clear the way. Once a street car crossing Pennsylvania avenue on 14th street stalled, but this was the only incident causing a delay of any extent.

8,000 From Baltimore.
The Baltimore section, comprising about 8,000 members, headed the pageant, and it was after 4:30 o'clock when it turned off the Avenue into 15th street, leading to the Monument grounds. Apparently many of the marchers in this section did not know that the official reviewing stand was the south balcony, trade of the Willard Hotel, where more than forty clergymen occupied seats. Occasionally a division of the Baltimore section would catch sight of the clergymen, however, and then all hats would be doffed in salute.

Every man and boy carried a small pennant with the letters H. N. S., thereby recording his protest against blasphemy and profanity. As the monster parade moved up the Avenue to the strains of "Onward Christian Soldiers" and other religious marching songs it served to quicken the imagination of what the crusades must have been when mighty religious bodies in the time of Richard I went forth to redeem the holy sepulcher.

After seven trainloads of Holy Name Society members from Baltimore had taken their places in line the parade started—shortly after 3 p.m.—but it was 3:25 by the time the parade had reached the Willard Hotel. At the head of the big religious body were Harry Walsh, grand marshal, who was immediately followed by a mounted police escort, led by Sgt. Michael Ready. Next came mounted buglers from Fort Myer, who rode alongside Chaplain O'Keefe. Then followed twelve mounted civilians, wearing silk hats and frock coats, and twenty artillerymen from Fort Myer.

Divided Into Five Divisions.
The Baltimore section was divided into five divisions, composed of the following:
First division—James Murray, marshal; St. Gregory's, Immaculate Conception, St. Bridget's, Corpus Christi, Blessed Sacrament, St. Katherine's, St. Benedict's, St. Edward's, St. Patrick's, St. Augustine, Elkridge, Md.; St. Mary's Annapolis, and St. Elizabeth's.

Second division—William J. Radford, marshal; St. John's.
Third division—Judge William M. Dunn, marshal; St. Paul's, St. John's Westminster, St. Joseph's Monastery, St. Martin's Church, Rev. Charles Evers of St. Barnabas Church, Baltimore; Rev. James Nailey of St. Peter Claver's Church, Baltimore; Rev. William Kane of St. John's Church, Frederick, Md.; and Rev. Eugene Del. McDonnell, S. J., of Philadelphia (formerly president of Gonzaga College, this city). The sermon was delivered by the Very Rev. O. B. Meagher, O. P., of New York city. He touched upon the war, and extolled the patriotism of Catholics and Americans. The speaker referred to the ideals of the Holy Name Society, and urged that the 1,000,000 members of the society could do vast good by illustrating by actions rather than words the course of which they stand. In part, he said:

War Uppermost in Mind.
"The thought uppermost in the minds of reading and thinking men of today is that of war. Sentiments of horror and even disgust must possess our minds when we realize that a thing so adverse to the fundamental principles of Christianity and contrary to the high ideals of that sacred civilization of which we boast so much, has entered upon the scene and threatens to destroy some of the splendid achievements and monuments of the religion of Christ and force back the triumphal march of education and civilization, for many a day."
"In spite of the neutrality, which the common sense of our President has placed upon our speech and our exterior actions, no doubt, in mind at least, we are partisans and we have followed the course of our favored nation with interest and anxiety. Her successes have been our joy, and her failures have been our grief. We have sympathized with her in her adversities and exulted in her good fortunes. How we have wished to assist her in every splendid way to a glorious victory! But, however, much as we have praised the conduct of our country, we have not hesitated to voice our opinion, and we have declared the flagrant injustice and cowardice of her enemies, in this we all agree. When war was declared by the different sovereigns and the call to arms was made, never was there a more united and sincere belief in the justice of a cause, never such a readiness to sacrifice, never such a devotion to their beloved nation and to offer their lives for the honor and good name of her, as we see today. We owe the peace they once possessed and the assurance which had once been theirs."

Deeds of Marvelous Bravery.
"They swore undying loyalty to her service, and God knows their promises have been faithfully kept. Deeds of marvelous bravery, of heretofore incomparable, have marked each day's progress of the war, and we know that the devotion which would have prompted them."
"My friends, we are gathered here today to enroll ourselves under another banner, to fight for another cause, higher, nobler, and more sacred than any of the wars of today. This is the fight for the material; ours the striving for the higher things. We are fighting for justice, territorial possession, revenge, the bonds of treaties made for personal gain and aggrandizement—ours for the incentives; but we battle against the forces of hell, against the wickedness of the world, for the peace which will bring the world back to the earth, by force and might, by pillage and holocaust, by means fair and foul, by arms and air they strive for the mastery, while we, enrolled under the banner of the Holy Name, strive to overcome by moral force and persuasion the world and ourselves, and thus bring honor to the Holy Name. Wonderful has been the zeal, the energy, the patriotism of the warring nations of today in their cause. Shall we who are higher and nobler be found lacking in fervor, in activity, in loyalty, in carrying out the aims and purposes of our army? No, we know the splendid manifestation of numbers which you have made today. I know it from the wonderful work you have accomplished. I know it from the amazing progress you have made during the past few years. I know it from the 1,000,000 members of that vast army of which you men of the Baltimore Archdiocese Union are such worthy members."

Sympathy for the President.
"Here on this national ground, within sight of this remarkable monument and the residence of our chief executive, we offer to our country a watchful guardian of our national welfare our sympathy in these days of international difficulties and our undying allegiance both to the principles of this glorious republic and to him as the President of the American people. We assure him that should the hour of international difficulty arise he will find valiant defenders of American liberties among those who have followed the example of their forefathers who freely shed their blood that America might live."
"With a just appreciation of, and a sympathy with the gigantic difficulties which beset the Nation of today, and just and wise national executive, we present to him the appeal of 1,000,000 Catholics, who are not only from an economic viewpoint, but also from the stand of freedom of conscience, and as far as lies in his power assure that wonderful religious people the same

rights which are enjoyed by every form of religion in the United States. "Men of the Holy Name, there is an obligation incumbent on each of us, it is to prove by the sincerity of our actions the sincerity of our protest. Live clean, Catholic lives, in accordance with your ideals. Actions speak louder than words, and the unbeliever will be more quickly impressed by good example than by the most stirring, eloquent protest. Forget not it was your Savior who said: 'So let your light shine before men that they may glorify your Father who is in heaven.'"

Music by Choral Society.
Father Waldron, rector of St. Dominic's Church, Washington, was celebrant at the benediction of the blessed sacrament. Music during the benediction was rendered by the Knights of Columbus Choral Society, under the direction of Dr. James Dickinson. The selection were "I am a Soldier," "Salutariis," and "Tantum Ergo." At the conclusion of the service the choir, assisted by a section of the Soldiers Home Band, directed by its leader, John Zimmermann, led the vast assemblage in singing "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name." The choir, in addition to its leader, numbered the following: H. J. Zilliox, D. M. Kennedy, Harry B. Duval, William H. Barnhart, A. Durkin, J. B. Repetti, A. M. Roach, Jr., J. W. Hicks, M. J. McGinn, F. M. Price, William J. Piani, H. J. Dwyer, J. J. O'Meara, Cornelius McCauley, R. E. Hall, G. F. Colliflower, Joseph Hyder, Maurice Fitzgerald, Bernard Fitzgerald, J. J. Kennedy, D. Schaefer, T. P. Rooney, J. P. Fogarty, P. J. O'Brien, C. L. Aiello, Charles Kane, John Kane, C. O. Murphy, T. Devlin, Joseph Swain and A. Dryer.

MANY CUBANS ARRESTED FOR LABOR PROPAGANDA
Appeal to American Federation of Labor for Moral Support Against Hard Labor Sentence.
Appeals for the help of the American laboring man in liberating his "oppressed comrade" in Cuba have been received by the American Federation of Labor. Several inhabitants of the republic who have spread the trade union propaganda in the island republic have been cast into prison, and the labor committee now is making strenuous efforts to get them out. They will be tried soon, according to the letter, and will be charged with sedition and labor law violation. The Cuban committee feels with the moral support of the United States trade unionists these men may be saved from the hard labor sentence.

Accompanying the letter is a "protest against the outrages of the sugar mills and the expulsion of workers from the island," says the protest. "It is enough that when the proprietor makes a complaint to the police or constable about his workmen they are violently and mercilessly deported from the republic. 'One day' the police or constable about strength and health are called 'anarchists' and must go."

WHY ATHLETES DIE YOUNG.
Government Report Says They Leave Strenuous Life Too Abruptly.
"Champion athletes die young" is the conclusion of federal inspectors appointed to investigate the length of lives of athletes, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. In making their investigations the government officials relied upon the opinions of men who knew school and university athletics thoroughly.
Dr. W. G. Anderson, director of the Yale gymnasium, pointed out that until 1905 the Yale men who had achieved distinction in athletics lived longer than those who had not. Since 1905 there has been an increase in the death rate of Yale athletes, and especially among oarsmen. Dr. James A. Kane, physical director at Indiana University, says the reason college athletes sometimes have heart trouble is that they change their habits of living after graduation. He says that a man who participates in strenuous sports for six or seven years, accustomed to his heart to extraordinary strains, should continue to take exercise after graduation so that the full capacity of the heart will be used. The same opinion is held by Dr. Thomas D. Wood, who believes that moderate exercise tends to increase the length of the athlete's life.
Dr. C. V. P. Young, director in Cornell's gymnasium, says that basketball and the quarter and half mile track events put athletes to strains which would not exert himself in competition, but the ex-athlete may continue to play in nearly all games excepting those requiring sudden strains of the heart. If he trains properly, even these sports will do him no harm. The man of forty-five years ought to play tennis, moderately, golf, bowling and hand ball. Swimming, moderate rowing, horseback riding, trampolining and fishing are beneficial, and not too strenuous for men of that age.

Many Accidents Occur Among District Motors
Frank A. Reilly and His Wife, Riding Upon Motor Cycle, Seriously Injured in Collision.
Machine Belonging to Dr. Patrick S. Madigan Turns Over on Colorado Avenue.
Frank A. Reilly, machinist in the navy yard, and Mrs. Gertrude Reilly, his wife, were seriously injured yesterday about noon as a result of a collision between their motor cycle and an automobile at Massachusetts avenue and 10th street northeast. The couple left their home at 223 11th street northeast a few minutes before the accident happened and were riding north on 10th street when the collision occurred.

Detective Cornwell, who was passing at the time, witnessed the accident and took the injured couple to Casualty Hospital. William M. Stancell, occupant of the automobile, was going west on Massachusetts avenue when the motor cycle struck the side of his vehicle. Reilly and his wife were thrown in different directions, and the husband was in a dazed condition when picked up. Mrs. Reilly, it is stated, was thrown some distance, but did not lose consciousness. Detective Cornwell says he thinks the accident resulted from the fast speed of the motor cycle.

Automobile Overturns.
Dr. Patrick S. Madigan, 2302 Nichols avenue, and Miss Mary Sherris, 1233 Massachusetts avenue northwest, were occupants of an automobile that turned over on Colorado avenue last night about 6:30 o'clock. The machine was in front of 5819 Colorado avenue when the accident happened.

Both occupants of the car were thrown from the vehicle. Miss Sherris sustained slight injuries, while the physician was not hurt. A passing automobile took Miss Sherris home.

Knocked Down by Automobile.
William E. Wingham, 1327 9th street northwest, was taken to Freedmen's Hospital from 7th and O streets northwest yesterday afternoon and treated for injuries to his head and arms. He was knocked down by an automobile operated by Frederick Brandon, who took him to the hospital.

Frank Steckline, 6441 Georgia avenue, was knocked down by an automobile at Georgia avenue and Piny Branch street yesterday afternoon and slightly hurt. W. F. Knox, occupant of the automobile, took him to Walter Reed Hospital.

W. T. Landis and O. Landis, 404 H street northeast, riding a motor cycle, collided in front of Union station with an automobile yesterday afternoon about 4:20 o'clock. W. T. Landis sustained injuries to his hip, but his brother was not hurt.

Sarah Henson, 1780 T street northwest, was knocked down by an automobile yesterday morning while crossing at the intersection of 7th and O streets northwest. She was only slightly hurt.

A motor wagon belonging to the Havenor Baking Company was struck by a street car near Pennsylvania avenue and 6th street yesterday afternoon. The wagon was damaged to the amount of \$25.

Injured in Collision.
B. C. Gilbert, 234 F street northwest, who accompanied Edward Walsh, 1635 1st street northwest, in the latter's automobile yesterday morning, sustained a slight injury as a result of a collision with an automobile belonging to Frank Neff, 915 East Capitol street. The accident happened at New Jersey avenue and G street.

May Form Holy Day Society.
That another society might be formed on a parallel with the Holy Name Society—a Holy Day Society—to preserve a day in which to worship and bow the knee to Him of the Holy Name and renew vows of allegiance to His cause was the suggestion made by Rev. John MacMurray, pastor of Union M. E. Church, in his sermon last night. Dr. MacMurray spoke of the Holy Name Society and of the parade held under its auspices yesterday. He praised the society for its motto and its noble purposes.

Vio Guernier of Kansas City has been sentenced to seventy-five years in the penitentiary for attacking Mrs. Gertrude Shidler in March, 1914.

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Aching, Burning
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Corns, Calluses,
Blisters, use two
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Four of Them Sketched by The Star Artist.



Four models exactly as illustrated—and hundreds of others. Suits that will be worn without a suspicion of the cost being less than \$20.00. Suits that will retain their graceful lines as lastingly as \$20.00 models. Suits that will be judged birthday presents, the better appreciated the longer they are worn.

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Women's Extra Sizes, 39 to 53
Misses' Sizes 14 to 18 years
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Materials include Poplins, Gabardines, Serges, Cheviots, Crepe Weaves, Basket Tweeds, Mixtures, French Serge.

Colors include navy, copenhagen blue, steel, taupe, Russian green, dark brown, black and white pencil stripes on brown, green, navy and sage green grounds.

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A. Lisner The Palais Royal G Street